

§ 882.1890

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 882.1890 Evoked response photic stimulator.

(a) *Identification.* An evoked response photic stimulator is a device used to generate and display a shifting pattern or to apply a brief light stimulus to a patient's eye for use in evoked response measurements or for electroencephalogram (EEG) activation.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 882.1900 Evoked response auditory stimulator.

(a) *Identification.* An evoked response auditory stimulator is a device that produces a sound stimulus for use in evoked response measurements or electroencephalogram activation.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 882.1925 Ultrasonic scanner calibration test block.

(a) *Identification.* An ultrasonic scanner calibration test block is a block of material with known properties used to calibrate ultrasonic scanning devices (e.g., the echoencephalograph).

(b) *Classification.* Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

[44 FR 51730-51778, Sept. 4, 1979, as amended at 59 FR 63011, Dec. 7, 1994]

§ 882.1950 Tremor transducer.

(a) *Identification.* A tremor transducer is a device used to measure the degree of tremor caused by certain diseases.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

Subparts C–D [Reserved]

Subpart E—Neurological Surgical Devices

§ 882.4030 Skull plate anvil.

(a) *Identification.* A skull plate anvil is a device used to form alterable skull plates in the proper shape to fit the curvature of a patient's skull.

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(b) *Classification.* Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

[44 FR 51730-51778, Sept. 4, 1979, as amended at 59 FR 63011, Dec. 7, 1994]

§ 882.4060 Ventricular cannula.

(a) *Identification.* A ventricular cannula is a device used to puncture the ventricles of the brain for aspiration or for injection. This device is frequently referred to as a ventricular needle.

(b) *Classification.* Class I (general controls).

§ 882.4100 Ventricular catheter.

(a) *Identification.* A ventricular catheter is a device used to gain access to the cavities of the brain for injection of material into, or removal of material from, the brain.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 882.4125 Neurosurgical chair.

(a) *Identification.* A neurosurgical chair is an operating room chair used to position and support a patient during neurosurgery.

(b) *Classification.* Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

[44 FR 51730-51778, Sept. 4, 1979, as amended at 59 FR 63012, Dec. 7, 1994]

§ 882.4150 Scalp clip.

(a) *Identification.* A scalp clip is a plastic or metal clip used to stop bleeding during surgery on the scalp.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 882.4175 Aneurysm clip applier.

(a) *Identification.* An aneurysm clip applier is a device used by the surgeon for holding and applying intracranial aneurysm clips.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 882.4190 Clip forming/cutting instrument.

(a) *Identification.* A clip forming/cutting instrument is a device used by the

physician to make tissue clips from wire stock.

(b) *Classification*. Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

[44 FR 51730-51778, Sept. 4, 1979, as amended at 59 FR 63012, Dec. 7, 1994]

§ 882.4200 Clip removal instrument.

(a) *Identification*. A clip removal instrument is a device used to remove surgical clips from the patient.

(b) *Classification*. Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

[44 FR 51730-51778, Sept. 4, 1979, as amended at 59 FR 63012, Dec. 7, 1994]

§ 882.4215 Clip rack.

(a) *Identification*. A clip rack is a device used to hold or store surgical clips during surgery.

(b) *Classification*. Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

[44 FR 51730-51778, Sept. 4, 1979, as amended at 54 FR 25051, June 12, 1989; 59 FR 63012, Dec. 7, 1994]

§ 882.4250 Cryogenic surgical device.

(a) *Identification*. A cryogenic surgical device is a device used to destroy nervous tissue or produce lesions in nervous tissue by the application of extreme cold to the selected site.

(b) *Classification*. Class II (performance standards).

§ 882.4275 Dowel cutting instrument.

(a) *Identification*. A dowel cutting instrument is a device used to cut dowels of bone for bone grafting.

(b) *Classification*. Class II (performance standards).

§ 882.4300 Manual cranial drills, burrs, trephines, and their accessories

(a) *Identification*. Manual cranial drills, burrs, trephines, and their accessories are bone cutting and drilling instruments that are used without a power source on a patient's skull.

(b) *Classification*. Class II (performance standards).

§ 882.4305 Powered compound cranial drills, burrs, trephines, and their accessories.

(a) *Identification*. Powered compound cranial drills, burrs, trephines, and their accessories are bone cutting and drilling instruments used on a patient's skull. The instruments employ a clutch mechanism to disengage the tip of the instrument after penetrating the skull to prevent plunging of the tip into the brain.

(b) *Classification*. Class II (performance standards).

§ 882.4310 Powered simple cranial drills, burrs, trephines, and their accessories.

(a) *Identification*. Powered simple cranial drills, burrs, trephines, and their accessories are bone cutting and drilling instruments used on a patient's skull. The instruments are used with a power source but do not have a clutch mechanism to disengage the tip after penetrating the skull.

(b) *Classification*. Class II (performance standards).

§ 882.4325 Cranial drill handpiece (brace).

(a) *Identification*. A cranial drill handpiece (brace) is a hand holder, which is used without a power source, for drills, burrs, trephines, or other cutting tools that are used on a patient's skull.

(b) *Classification*. Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

[44 FR 51730-51778, Sept. 4, 1979, as amended at 61 FR 1123, Jan. 16, 1996]

§ 882.4360 Electric cranial drill motor.

(a) *Identification*. An electric cranial drill motor is an electrically operated power source used with removable rotating surgical cutting tools or drill bits on a patient's skull.

(b) *Classification*. Class II (performance standards).

§ 882.4370 Pneumatic cranial drill motor.

(a) *Identification*. A pneumatic cranial drill motor is a pneumatically operated power source used with removable rotating surgical cutting tools or drill bits on a patient's skull.